BERGEN COUNTY SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015 AND REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

BERGEN COUNTY SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT

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BERGEN COUNTY SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT ROSTER OF OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2016

Board of Supervisors

<u>Name</u>	<u>Title</u>	Term Expires
Carl Mecky	District Chairman	June 30, 2019
Ronald E. Binaghi, Jr.	District Vice Chairman	June 30, 2017
Geraldine Byrne	District Secretary/Treasurer	June 30, 2019
Herman Rohsler	Supervisor	June 30, 2018
Raymond J. Cywinski	Supervisor	June 30, 2018

Administrative Officials

Angelo Caruso District Manager

Robyn Roberts Administrative Secretary

DONOHUE, GIRONDA, DORIA & TOMKINS LLC

Certified Public Accountants

Matthew A. Donohue, CPA Robert A. Gironda, CPA Robert G. Doria, CPA (N.J. & N.Y.) Frederick J. Tomkins, CPA, RMA 310 Broadway Bayonne, NJ 07002 (201) 437-9000 Fax: (201) 437-1432 E-Mail: dgd@dgdcpas.com

Linda P. Kish, CPA, RMA Mark W. Bednarz, CPA, RMA Jason R. Gironda, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Board of Supervisors of the Bergen County Soil Conservation District Oradell, New Jersey

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Bergen County Soil Conservation District (the "District"), which comprise the statement of financial position as of June 30, 2016 and 2015, and the related statements of activities and changes in net position and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of the New Jersey Department of Agriculture's Financial Accounting Manual. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the audit requirements as prescribed by the Department of Agriculture's manual, as prescribed by the New Jersey State Soil Conservation Committee. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purposes of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control.

Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies uses and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 1 of the financial statements, the financial statements are prepared by the district on the basis of financial reporting provisions of the New Jersey Department of Agriculture's Financial Accounting Manual, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as required by the New Jersey State Soil Conservation Committee.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the "Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles" paragraph, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the various individual funds and account groups of the District as of June 30, 2016, or the results of its activities and changes in net position for the year then ended.

Opinion on Statutory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the District as of June 30, 2016, and the changes in net position and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the financial provisions of the New Jersey Department of Agriculture's Financial Accounting Manual.

Other Matters

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The accompanying supplementary information listed in the foregoing table of contents is presented for the purposes of additional analysis as required by the New Jersey Department of Agriculture's Financial Accounting Manual in accordance with those standards regarding the statement of budget verses actual expenditures – all funds combined and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the audit requirements as prescribed by the New Jersey Department of

Agriculture's Financial Accounting Manual. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 9, 2017 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Donohue, Gironda, Doria & Tomkins, LLC

Certified Public Accountants

Bayonne, New Jersey March 9, 2017

DONOHUE, GIRONDA, DORIA & TOMKINS LLC

Certified Public Accountants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Board of Supervisors of the Bergen County Soil Conservation District Bloomfield, New Jersey

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the audit requirements as prescribed by the Department of Agriculture's manual, as prescribed by the New Jersey State Soil Conservation Committee, the financial statements of the Bergen County Soil Conservation District, (the "District"), which comprise the statements of financial position as of June 30, 2016, and the related statements of activities, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 9, 2017.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audits of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies.

Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

However, we noted certain matters that we have reported to the management of the District in the accompanying comments and recommendations sections of this report.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

DONOHUE, GIRONDA, DORIA & TOMKINS, LLC

Certified Public Accountants

Bayonne, New Jersey March 9, 2017

BERGEN COUNTY SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION JUNE 30, 2016 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR JUNE 30, 2015)

		Ter	nporarily Restric	eted	To: June	tals
	Unrestricted	101	Various	Equipment	June	30,
	Funds	Chapter 251	Reserves	Fund	2016	2015
<u>ASSETS</u>						
Current Assets:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 153,079	\$ 449,915	\$ 40,000	\$ -	\$ 642,994	\$ 421,291
Certificate of Deposits	-	820,013	-	-	820,013	807,507
Accounts Receivable	-	7,850	-	-	7,850	6,350
Accrued Interest Receivable	-	5,842	-	-	5,842	9,130
Security Deposit	-	2,503	-	-	2,503	2,503
Prepaid Insurance	-	5,138	-	-	5,138	5,299
Total Current Assets	153,079	1,291,261	40,000	-	1,484,340	1,252,080
Property and Equipment						
Office Furniture and Equipment	-	-	-	53,787	53,787	53,787
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	-	-	-	(31,200)	(31,200)	(26,637)
Total Fixed assets, net of depreciation				22,587	22,587	27,150
TOTAL ASSETS	153,079	1,291,261	40,000	22,587	1,506,927	1,279,230
LIABILITIES, NET POSITION AND RESERVES						
Current Liabilities						
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	\$ -	\$ 11,554	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,554	\$ 6,134
Grants Payable	-	5,013	-	-	5,013	5,171
RFA Stormwater Fees Payable	-	2,355	-	-	2,355	1,905
NJDA Chapter 251 Fees Payable	-	4,100	-	-	4,100	-
Total Current Liabilities		23,022	-	-	23,022	13,210
Net Position and Reserves						
Reserve for Future Legal Cost	-	-	40,000	-	40,000	40,000
Reserve for Chapter 251	-	532,661	-	-	532,661	480,456
Unrestricted Net Position	153,079	-	-	-	153,079	152,562
Temporarily Restricted Net Position	-	735,578	-	22,587	758,165	593,002
Total Net Position and Reserves	153,079	1,268,239	40,000	22,587	1,483,905	1,266,020
TOTAL LIABILITIES, NET POSITION						
AND RESERVES	\$ 153,079	\$ 1,291,261	\$ 40,000	\$ 22,587	\$ 1,506,927	\$ 1,279,230

BERGEN COUNTY SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND CHANGE IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENEDED JUNE 30, 2016 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015)

						tals
		Tei	nporarily Restricte		Jun	e 30,
	Unrestricted		Various	Equipment		
	Funds	Chapter 251	Reserves	Fund	2016	2015
Support and Revenue						
Soil Erosion and Sediment Control Act Fees	\$ -	\$ 758,620	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 758,620	\$ 689,655
Stormwater permitting	-	22,050	-	-	22,050	23,555
Exemption income	_	9,500	_	_	9,500	7,800
Interest on investments	517	9,216	_	_	9,733	7,307
Miscellaneous income	-	14,427	_	_	14,427	458
Total Support and Revenue	517	813,813			814,330	728,775
Total Support and Revenue		013,013			011,330	720,775
Expenditures						
Salaries and wages	-	327,526	-	-	327,526	317,694
Fringe benefits	-	104,641	-	-	104,641	98,163
Rent	-	37,931	-	-	37,931	36,927
Payroll taxes	-	25,902	-	-	25,902	25,931
Surcharges	-	14,975	-	-	14,975	13,375
Office supplies and expenses	-	13,548	-	-	13,548	10,059
Insurance	-	8,423	-	-	8,423	8,371
Travel and related expenses	-	10,195	-	-	10,195	8,146
Office equipment	-	1,481	-	-	1,481	-
Consultant and contract services	-	7,050	-	-	7,050	6,500
Telephone/Internet	-	5,708	-	-	5,708	5,424
Miscellaneous	-	5,427	-	-	5,427	3,534
Depreciation	-	-	-	4,563	4,563	3,407
Utilities	-	2,698	-	-	2,698	2,259
Dues	-	1,590	-	-	1,590	1,790
Training and seminars	-	1,044	-	-	1,044	1,462
Bank Charges	-	1,693	-	-	1,693	1,381
Stormwater Discharge Permit program:					_	
Salaries and wages	-	22,050	-	-	22,050	23,555
Total Expenditures		591,882		4,563	596,445	567,978
Excess(deficiency) of support and	517	221 021		(4.562)	217.005	160 707
Revenue over expenditures	517	221,931	-	(4,563)	217,885	160,797
Net Position, beginning of year	152,562	1,046,308	40,000	27,150	1,266,020	1,105,223
Net Position, end of year	\$ 153,079	\$ 1,268,239	\$ 40,000	\$ 22,587	\$ 1,483,905	\$ 1,266,020

BERGEN COUNTY SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - ALL FUNDS COMBINED FOR THE YEAR ENEDED JUNE 30, 2016 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015)

	Totals June 30,		
		2016	2015
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Change in Net Position	\$	217,885	160,797
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation Expense		4,563	3,407
(Increase)/decrease in receivables		(1,500)	3,450
Increase/(decrease) in payables		5,262	(10,914)
Decrease/(increase) in prepaid insurance		161	(153)
Decrease/(increase) in accrued interest receivable		3,288	(1,075)
Increase in RFA Payable to NJ		450	-
Increase in NJDA Chapter 251 fees payable		4,100	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		234,209	155,512
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
(Increase) in certificate of deposits		(12,506)	(6,211)
(Increase) in fixed assets			(11,576)
NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES		(12,506)	(17,787)
NET INCREASE IN CASH		221,703	137,725
CASH AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		421,291	283,566
CASH AT END OF YEAR	\$	642,994	\$ 421,291

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u>

Organization

The Bergen County Soil Conservation District, (the "District"), is one of fifteen Soil Conservation Districts in the State of New Jersey under the auspices of the New Jersey Department of Agriculture. Each District is governed by a Board of Supervisors, which sets policies and performance guidelines. The Districts work closely with the USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service to promote the wise use of soil and water resources. In 1976 the Districts in New Jersey were mandated to administer Chapter 251, The NJ Soil Erosion and Sediment Control Act of 1975, the objective of which was to prevent soil erosion and sedimentation from development sites, mitigate impacts to soil resources, and enhance soil quality.

Financial Statement Presentation

The District is required to report information regarding its financial position and activities according to three classes of net assets: unrestricted net assets, temporarily restricted net assets and permanently restricted net assets. Unrestricted net assets can be expended by the District for any aspect of its operations, at any time, as determined by management. Temporarily restricted net assets are either restricted to a specific program, a specific time period or both, but eventually, will be expended by the District. Permanently restricted net assets can never be expended, but benefit the District through investment earning on such assets. At June 30, 2016 the District had only unrestricted and temporarily restricted net assets.

Basis of Accounting

The accounting policies of the District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and practices prescribed by the Department of Agriculture, State Soil Conservation Committee, State of New Jersey.

District funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Support and revenue are recognized when they become both measurable and available as net current assets. Expenditures are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred. Chapter 251 revenue is recognized when received and Chapter 251 expenses are recognized when incurred.

The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds and account groups, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, net assets, support and revenue and expenditures. Equipment purchases are recorded in the fund of acquisition with an appropriate transfer to the equipment fund. Accumulated depreciation is reported on the statement of financial position.

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)</u>

Cash and Temporary Investments

Operating funds and temporary investments consist of demand deposits and temporary investments in the form of certificates of deposit held at various financial institutions. At times, amounts on deposit exceed federally insured limits. Management reviews the soundness of its financial institutions and considers its risk negligible.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

An annual budget is required to be adopted and integrated into the accounting system to provide budgetary control over revenues and expenditures. Budget amounts presented in the accompanying financial statements represent amounts adopted by the District and approved by the Board of Supervisors.

Budgets are adopted on the same basis of accounting utilized for the preparation of the District's financial statements.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the District under-expended its budget by \$65,805.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Income Taxes

The District is a special sub-division of the NJ Department of Agriculture; therefore, it is exempt from both federal and state income tax.

Support Revenue, and Expenses

Contributions and restricted grant revenues are measured at their fair values and are recorded as an increase in net assets. The District reports gifts of cash and other assets as restricted support if they are received with donor stipulations that limit the use of the donated assets, or if they are designated as support for future periods. When a donor or grantor restriction expires, that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or purpose restriction is accomplished, temporarily restricted net assets are reclassified to unrestricted net assets and reported in the statement of activities as net assets released from restrictions.

2. <u>INVESTMENTS</u>

The District records investments at fair market value, when available. Certificates of deposit that have original maturities of greater than three months are considered investments.

Investments at fair value consisted of:

	2016
Certificate of Deposits	\$820,013

3. **OPERATING LEASE**

The District signed a lease with Kamack Realty on April 15, 2013 which took effect on May 1, 2013 and expires on April 30, 2018 Total operating lease payments (excluding utilities) made during the year ended June 30, 2016 was \$32,649. Future minimum lease payments are as follows:

For the Year ending				
June 30,	Amount			
2017	\$	32,230		
2018		26,858		
	\$	59,088		

The District also rents storage space on a monthly basis. The total rent paid for storage for the year ended June 30, 2016 was \$5,282.

4. <u>PENSION PLAN</u>

Substantially all full-time District employees participate in the Public Employees Retirement System (PERS). The PERS system is cost-sharing multiple-employer contributory defined benefit retirement system sponsored and administered by the State of New Jersey, Department of Treasury, Division of Pensions and Benefits.

The PERS was established in January 1955 under provisions of N.J.S.A. 43:15A and provides coverage to substantially all full time employees of the District provided the employee is not a member of another State administered retirement system. Membership is mandatory for such employees and vesting occurs after 8 to 10 years of service.

4. <u>PENSION PLAN (Continued)</u>

The cost of living increase for PERS is funded directly by the respective system, but is currently suspended as a result of reform legislation.

According to state law, all obligations of PERS will be assumed by the State of New Jersey should the PERS be terminated. The State of New Jersey, Department of Treasury, Division of Pensions and Benefits, issues publicly available financial reports that include the financial statements and required supplementary information of the PERS. The financial reports may be accessed via the New Jersey Division of Pensions and Benefits website at www.state.nj.us/treasury/pensions.

Significant Legislation

P.L. 2011, c. 78, effective June 28, 2011, made various changes to the manner in which PERS operate and to the benefit provisions of those systems.

Chapter 78's provisions impacting employee pension and health benefits include:

- For new members of PERS hired on or after June 28, 2011 (Tier 5 members), the years of creditable service needed for early retirement benefits increased from 25 to 30 years and the early retirement age from age 55 to 65 for Tier 5 members.
- The eligible age to qualify for a service retirement in the PERS increased from age 62 to 65 for Tier 5 members.
- It increases in active member contribution rates for PERS active members from 5.5% of annual compensation to 6.5% plus an additional 1% phased-in over 7 years; For fiscal year 2012, the member contribution rates will increase in October 2011. The phase-in of the additional incremental member contribution rates for PERS members will take place in July of each subsequent fiscal year.
- The payment of automatic cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) additional increases to current and future retirees and beneficiaries is suspended until reactivated as permitted by this law.
- New employee contribution requirements towards the cost of employer-provided health benefit coverage. Employees are required to contribute a certain percentage of the cost of coverage. The rate of contribution is determined based on the employee's annual salary and the selected level of coverage. The increased employee contributions will be phased in over a 4-year period for those employed prior to Chapter 78's effective date with a minimum contribution required to be at least 1.5% of salary.

4. <u>PENSION PLAN (Continued)</u>

• In addition, this new legislation changes the method for amortizing the pension systems' unfunded accrued liability (from a level percent of pay method to a level dollar of pay).

Contribution Requirements - PERS

The contribution policy is set by N.J.S.A. 43:15A for PERS and requires contributions by active members and contributing employers. Plan member and employer contributions may be amended by State of New Jersey legislation. Pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 78, P.L. 2011, the active member contribution rate increased from 5.5% of annual compensation to 6.5% plus an additional 1% phased-in over 7 years beginning in July 2012. The member contribution rate was 7.2% in fiscal year 2016. The phase-in of the additional incremental member contribution rate will take place in July of each subsequent fiscal year.

Employers' contribution amounts for PERS are based on an actuarially determined rate. The annual employer contributions for PERS include funding for basic retirement allowances, cost-of-living adjustments, and noncontributory death benefits.

Chapter 1, P.L. 2010, effective May 21, 2010, required the State to resume making actuarially recommended contributions for the pension plans on a phased-in basis over a seven-year period beginning in fiscal year 2012. For fiscal year 2013, the State's minimum required contribution was $2/7^{th}$ of the full recommended amounts determined on the basis of the July 1, 2011 actuarial valuation.

The District's contributions for the past three years are as follows:

For the Year ending			
June 30,		A	mount
_	_		
2016		\$	43,178
2015			40,277
2014			36,021

4. **PENSION PLAN (Continued)**

PERS Pension Liabilities and Pension Expense Related to Pensions:

At June 30, 2016 the District's net pension liability for PERS was \$1,083,454.

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2015, the District's PERS proportion was .0048265052%, which was an increase of .0001436237% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2014.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the June 30, 2015 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2013, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2014. The total pension liability for the June 30, 2013 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2013. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement:

Inflation rate 3.04%Salary increases: 2.15 - 4.40% 2012-2021Thereafter 3.155.40%Based on age
Investment rate of return 7.90%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Male and Female Mortality Tables (setback 1 year for females) for service retirement beneficiaries of former members with adjustments for mortality improvements from the base year of 201 based on Projections Scale AA. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Tables (setback 3 years for males and setback 1 year for females) are used to value disabled retirees.

4. <u>PENSION PLAN (Continued)</u>

PERS Pension Liabilities and Pension Expense Related to Pensions: (Continued)

The actual assumptions used in the July 1, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2008 to June 30, 2011. It is likely that future experience will not exactly conform to these assumptions. To the extent that actual experience deviates from these assumptions, the emerging liabilities may be higher or lower than anticipated. The more the experience deviates, the larger the impact will be on future financial statements.

In accordance with State statute, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments (7.90% at June 30, 2015) is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the Directors of the Division of Investments and Division of Pensions and Benefits, the board of trustees and the actuaries. The long-term expected rate of return was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in PERS's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2015 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	5.00%	1.04%
Core Bonds	1.75%	1.64%
Intermediate-Term Bonds	10.00%	1.79%
Mortgages	2.10%	1.62%
High Yield Bonds	2.00%	4.03%
Inflation-Indexed Bonds	1.50%	3.25%
Broad US Equities	27.25%	8.52%
Developed Foreign Equities	12.00%	6.88%
Emerging Market Equities	6.40%	10.00%
Private Equity	9.25%	12.41%
Hedge Funds / Absolute Return	12.00%	4.72%
Real Estate (Property)	2.00%	6.83%
Commodities	1.00%	5.32%
Global Debt ex US	3.50%	-0.40%
REIT	4.25%	5.12%

4. <u>PENSION PLAN (Continued)</u>

PERS Pension Liabilities and Pension Expense Related to Pensions: (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 4.90% as of June 30, 2015. This single blend discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.90%, and a municipal bond rate of 3.80% as of June 30, 2015, based on the Bond Buyer Go 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employees will be made based on the average of the last five years of contributions made in relation to the last five years of recommended contributions. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members through 2033. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through 2033, and the municipal bond rate was applied to projected benefit payments after that date in determining the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate.

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as of June 30, 2015, calculated using the discount rate as disclosed above as well as what the collective net pension liability would be if it was calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1%		Current		1%
	 Decrease (3.90%)	Discount Rate (4.90%)		Increase (5.90%)	
District's proportionate share of					
PERS net pension liability	\$ 1,346,600	\$	1,083,454	\$	862,833

Pension Plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plans' fiduciary net position are available in the separately issued financial reports. These reports may be accessed via the New Jersey Division of Pension and Benefits website at www.state.nj.us/treasury/pensions.

5. RESERVE FOR FUTURE SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL ACT (CH. 251) EXPENDITURES

The Reserve for future Soil Erosion and Sediment Control Act Expenditures is established to identify the funds available for the costs of future expenditures on projects currently received and in progress, for which fees under the act have been previously collected. All fees received shall remain with the reserve balance total. All fees collected from applicants are restricted to the chapter 251 program and used only for implementing that program. The reserve balance includes the unexpended, initial review/certification/inspection fees and supplemental fees received. At the option of the District Board and pursuant to formal action by the District Board, interest income from reserve balances may be utilized for the chapter 251 program or for the district education program. Use of interest income is authorized at N.J.A.C. 2:90-1.12 and pursuant to policy approval by the SSCC on September 13, 2007.

Reserve Balance on June 30, 2016 \$532,661

6. SURETY BOND COVERAGE

The District Manager, Angelo Caruso, and the Administrative Secretary/Bookkeeper, Robyn Roberts, have coverage of \$110,000 each.

7. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS/GRANTS PAYABLE

The Bergen County Environmental Council, (the "Council"), is a non-profit, volunteer organization dedicated to improving water quality through education and demonstration projects. The Council consists of private citizens as well as representatives of various private and public organizations. Council members are appointed by the Bergen County Board of Chosen Freeholders and serve two year terms. Funding is obtained through grants from the Bergen County Freeholders and Bergen County Department of Health Services Clean Communities Program. The Council's programs include the purchase and distribution of storm drain markers, stream bank restoration (shrubs are purchased and planted), stream cleaning and stream monitoring to check water quality.

The Council's funds are kept in the District's checking account. A treasurer's report is prepared for each monthly meeting. As of June 30, 2016, funds in the amount of \$5,013 are available to the council for grant activities.

8. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Property, plant and equipment are recorded at cost. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Equipment5 yearsVehicles5 yearsFurniture7 years

9. <u>CONTINGENT LIABILITIES</u>

The District's counsel is not aware of any litigation claims or assessments pending or threatened against the District that will have a material effect on the financial statements, or the complaints have been referred to the insurance carrier.

10. <u>SUBSEQUENT EVENTS</u>

Management has evaluated subsequent events through March 9, 2017, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued. None were noted.

BERGEN COUNTY SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF BUDGET VERSUS ACTUAL EXPENDITURES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	All Funds		
			Over
			(Under)
	Budget	Actual	Budget
Expenditures:			
Salaries and wages	\$ 354,000	327,526	\$ (26,474)
Fringe benefits	110,000	104,641	(5,359)
Rent	48,000	37,931	(10,069)
State of NJ - RFA Salaries	21,500	22,050	550
Payroll taxes	34,000	25,902	(8,098)
Surcharges	13,500	14,975	1,475
Office supplies and expenses	15,000	13,548	(1,452)
Insurance	12,000	8,423	(3,577)
Travel and related expenses	13,500	10,195	(3,307)
Office equipment	3,500	1,481	(2,019)
Consultant and contract services	9,000	7,050	` ' '
	,	*	(1,950)
Telephone/Internet	7,500	5,708	(1,792)
Miscellaneous	6,500	5,427	(1,073)
Depreciation	4,250	4,563	313
Utilities	4,000	2,698	(1,302)
Dues	2,500	1,590	(910)
Training and seminars	3,000	1,044	(1,956)
Bank Charges	-	1,693	1,693
Repairs and maintenance	500		(500)
	\$ 662,250	\$ 596,445	\$ (65,805)

BERGEN COUNTY SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS JUNE 30, 2016

Finding 2016-001

SEGREGATION OF DUTIES

The Financial Accounting Manual for New Jersey Soil Conservation Districts provides several internal control recommendations with an overall premise of segregation of duties. The principal concept is that no one employee should have access to both physical assets and the related accounting records or to all phases of a transaction. The District Secretary controls disbursements of funds, has control of checks and reconciles bank statements. This situation occurred because of the small size of the District's office staff and because of the limited number of employees qualified to perform these services. While steps have been taken to address the effect on internal controls due to lack of segregation of duties, we recommend that management continually monitor the situation.

BERGEN COUNTY SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT PRIOR YEAR COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS JUNE 30, 2016

Finding 2015-001

BANK RECONCILATIONS

The District is not fully reconciling its operating bank statement each month.

This finding has been corrected.